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How to Conclude the

Recitation of the Noble Qur'an

Question

What is the ruling on concluding the recitation of the Noble Qur'an by saying, *Indeed Allah, the Greatest, has spoken the truth* (مُحَقَ الله)? In addition, why is there a difference in this phrase in what the Shīʿa and the Sunnī say when completing the recitation of the Noble Qur'an?

Answer

Both forms of this statement, meaning: Indeed Allah, the Greatest has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَظِيمُ); as well as: Indeed Allah, the Most High, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَلَيُّ الْعَظِيمُ) are recommended (mustaḥḥab) to say when one concludes the recitation of the Noble

Qur'an. However, there are some personal prejudices which have resulted in the Shī^ca and Sunnī choosing one statement over the other:

- 1. It is possible that the Ahl al-Sunnah feel that by bringing in the name the Most High (الْتَعَانِيُّة) this is a sign of extremist leanings that equates Imam 'Alī as being Allah or one who is at the same level of Allah [as the name of Imam 'Alī is derived from the Beautiful Name of Allah, al-'Alī or the Most High]. However, this is nothing more than an incorrect excuse on their part, and if we were to accept this interpretation, then we must also remove the verse of the Qur'an in which He states: (وَ هُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ And He (Allah) is the Most High, the Greatest.1
- 2. Both of these phrases occur in the traditions (aḥādīth) of the Shīʿa, however the Qurʾanic reciters amongst the Shīʿa community, acting contrary to the irrational comments of the Ahl al-Sunnah and their removal of this name (of Allah ♣ al-ʿAlī) have sought to keep alive this statement, and thus we see in the traditions that it has been stated:

Therefore, when you have finished that [what was mentioned in the beginning of the *ḥadīth* in terms of acts of worship of the recitation of the Noble Qur'an], then while

¹ Qur'an, Sūrah al-Baqarah (2), verse 255; Sūrah al-Shūrā (42), verse 4.

facing the *qiblah* say, *Indeed Allah*, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَظِيمُ) - the One whom there is no god except for Him, the Ever-Living, the Self-Sustaining.²

- 3. In addition, in a statement of Imam al-Ṣādiq in which he was speaking about the acts of worship to be performed on the 15th of [the month of] Rajab, he stated that when you reach the end of the recitation of the Noble Qur'an, while you are still facing the qiblah, you should say: Indeed Allah, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (مَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَظِيمُ).
- 4. 'Abdullāh ibn Salām asked the Noble Prophet a series of questions, and one was in regards to what should be said when a person initiates and concludes the recitation of the Qur'an? The Prophet replied that one should start the recitation of the Qur'an by saying In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful (إِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيمِ); and that at the end, one should say Indeed Allah, the Most High, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (مَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَلَيُّ الْعَظِيمُ).

² Ṭūsī, Muḥammad ibn al-Ḥasan, Miṣbāḥ al-Mutahajjid wa Salāḥ al-Mutaʿabbid, vol. 2, p. 807, Muʾassisah Fiqh al-Shīʿa, First Printing, Beirut, 1411 AH.

Majlisī, Muḥammad Bāqir, Biḥār al-Anwār al-Jāmiʿah li Durrar Akhbār al-Aʾimmah al-Aṭhār, vol. 57, sec. 37, p. 243, Dār al-Iḥyāʾ al-Turāth al-ʿArabī, Beirut, Second Printing, 1403 AH. The Arabic text of this tradition states:
...مَا ابْتِدَاءُ الْقُرْآنِ وَ مَا خَتْمُهُ؟ قَالَ: يَا ابْنَ سَلَامٍ ابْتِدَاؤُهُ بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمٰنِ الرَّحِيمِ وَ خَتْمُهُ صَدَقَ
اللهُ الْعَلَىٰ الْعَظٰيمُ...

Therefore, based on what has been mentioned, saying the phrase: Indeed Allah, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَظِيمُ) at the conclusion of the recitation of the Qur'an is not only something which is NOT impermissible, rather, we can state that saying this phrase is actually recommended (mustahhab).

However seeing as how it is possible that by saying the phrase in this manner may be seen by the masses (of the $Sh\bar{i}$ 'a) as accepting of incorrect evidences (from the Ahl al-Sunnah), some of the $mar\bar{a}j\bar{i}$ ' $taql\bar{i}d$ have advised that we (the $Sh\bar{i}$ 'a) should not recite this phrase in that manner (and rather the $Sh\bar{i}$ 'a should use the phrase, $Indeed\ Allah$, $Indeed\ Allah$, In

When the various $mar\bar{a}j\bar{\imath}^c$ $taql\bar{\imath}d$ were asked this question about which method the Shī'a should employ when reciting this phrase, the below answers were provided:

- 1. **Āyatullāh al-Uẓmā Khāmene**'ī: It is no problem to recite it in either method.
- 2. Āyatullāh al-Uẓmā Makārim Shīrāzī: It must be said in the customary way of the Shīʿa [meaning Indeed Allah, the Most High, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (مَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَلَيُّ الْعَظِيمُ).]
- 3. Āyatullāh al-Uzmā Ṣāfī Gulpāygānī: [We should look] towards how it is mentioned in the blessed verse of the Qur'an (as found in Ayat al-Kursī) in which the Qur'an mentions, وَ هُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ (And He (God) is the Most High, the Greatest.) Thus, you too, when you complete the recitation of the Qur'an must

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⁴ Āyatullāh Makārim Shīrāzī.

say: Indeed Allah, the Most High, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللّٰهُ الْعَلَىٰ الْعَظِيمُ).

4. Āyatullāh al-Uẓmā Mahdī Hādawī Tehrānī: It is no problem [to use either phrase], except in the case of the secondary ruling [in the Science of Jurisprudence] pretext – such as if using the phrase: Indeed Allah, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَظِيمُ) would result in a tacit approval for a flawed denomination within Islam (madhab).5

In conclusion, both forms of this statement - Indeed Allah, the Greatest has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَظِيمُ) as well as: Indeed Allah, the Most High, the Greatest, has spoken the truth (صَدَقَ اللهُ الْعَلَيُّ الْعَظِيمُ) are recommended (mustaḥḥab) to say when one concludes the recitation of the Noble Qur'an, as is seen in the teachings of the Prophet and his family, the Ahl al-Bayt ...



O Allāh! Send Your prayers upon Muḥammad and the family of Muhammad!

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⁵ Religious queries posed to the offices of the Grand Āyatullāhs: Khāmene'ī, Makārim Shīrāzī, Ṣāfī Gulpāygānī, may they be protected, through the Islam Quest Website.

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